

BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY

LHC PROJECT MEMORANDUM

Date: 10 April 2002

To: Richard Thomas, Chmn, CSC

From: Steve Plate

Subj: Review of LHC D1 Phase Separator

Attached is an engineering analysis of the phase separator unit of the LHC D1 cryogenic magnet. Please circulate it to the other committee members for review and approval.

DESCRIPTION:

The LHC D1 magnet is cooled via a bath of pool boiling liquid helium at 1.9K. The phase separator is part of the cooling circuit, operating at 4 bar (60 psia) and tested at 5 bar (75 psia), and is a reservoir in the vapor return line. Its function is to trap liquid that is entrained in the vapor that would otherwise collect elsewhere at low points in the piping; this would prohibit proper pumping. The phase separator is not subject to the higher pressure of the cold mass, which operates at 20 bar. The reservoir is located under the cold mass, one near each end of the magnet. Passive heaters are used to boil off liquid that might accumulate in the reservoir, and liquid presence temperature sensors are used as instrumentation to verify evaporation of any liquid collected.

As shown on the drawing and the accompanying parts list, the phase separator is made up of a number of components: the reservoir shell and closure heads, inlet and outlet tubes and tube fittings, and mounting features. The shell is fabricated from 5 inch 304 SST pipe, sch. 10, and is 38.8 inches long and 5.6 inches in diameter. The heads are made from 304 SST plate, 0.5 inches thick and are attached to the cylinder using full penetration welds. The stress analysis of the shell and heads is attached.

Tubing and welded tube fittings of 2.00 inch diameter x .065 inch wall form the inlet line that brings the mixed phase helium vapor into the phase separator. The line is inserted through one head. All tubing welds are butt type, full penetration, but are not x-rayed; the weld efficiency factors used in the calculations match this lower level of inspection. The analysis that follows contains an FEM stress plot for the off-center penetration of the inlet line through the head.

A vapor outlet tube (2.00 inch diameter) penetrates the shell of the phase separator as shown in the drawing. The stress analysis for this non-radial penetration is attached. This size and wall thickness tubing has been used before at higher pressures and meets Code requirements at those pressures. Therefore the following analysis does not show calculations for the tubing alone.

The four parts labeled as item 10, two mounted at 20° and two at 40°, are mounting lugs used only to locate the phase separator properly under the magnet cold mass. They are not part of the pressure vessel.

The temperature sensors are external to the phase separator and are fastened to a small copper bar attached mechanically to the U-shaped tube. They are not part of this analysis, nor should they be. Only the tube, which is the passive heater, is a part of the pressure vessel. This tube is fabricated from 316L SST, and is .375 inches diameter x .049 inches wall thickness. It has not been analyzed formally, but by inspection will meet ASME Code requirements.

The results of the analysis show that the phase separator is far below the allowable stress levels in all areas analyzed. The tubing is also used at low stress levels. The welded connections meet the ASME Code as well.

LHC MAGNET D1
PHASE SEPARATOR STRESS ANALYSIS
P/N 14010265

Stress Plate

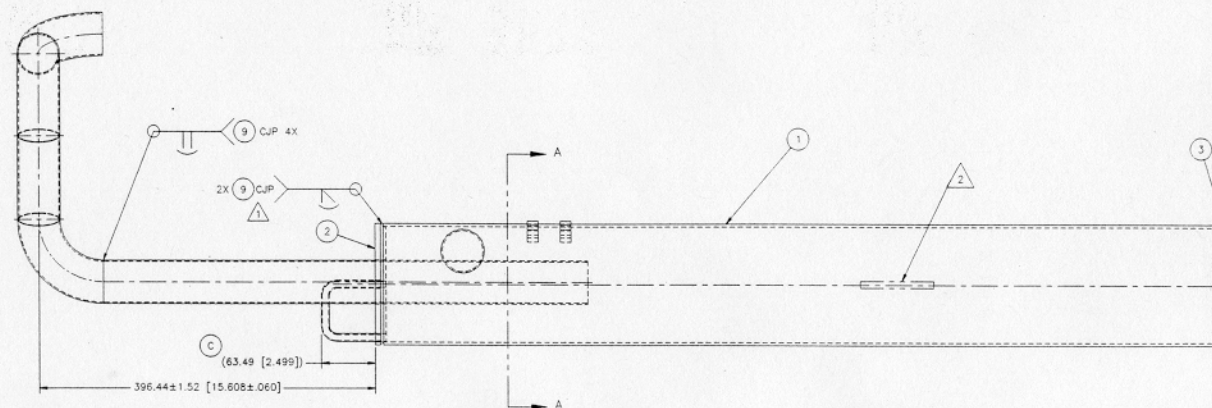
PART NUMBER.....	DESCRIPTION.....	QPA.....	UM.	PN.REV	PL.REV	ITM REF.	COMMENTS.....
						NBR DESG	

14010265	PHASE SEPARATOR ASSEMBLY		EA	C	C
14010282	SHELL, PHASE SEPARATOR	1.0000	EA	A	1
14010283	FLANGE, PHASE SEPARATOR FRONT	1.0000	EA	A	2
14010284	FLANGE, PHASE SEPARATOR REAR	1.0000	EA	A	3
14010285	TUBE, LONG	1.0000	EA	A	4
14010286	TUBE, SHORT	1.0000	EA	A	5
14010289	ELBOW, 90 DEGREE	3.0000	EA	0	6
14010371	TUBE, HEAT TRANSFER, PHASE SEPARATOR ASSY	1.0000	EA	B	7
14010288	TUBE, INCLINED, PHASE SEPARATOR ASSY	1.0000	EA	A	8
12010441-02	FILLER WIRE, WELDING	0.0000	LB	B	9
14010486	AXIAL RESTRAINT	4.0000	EA	0	10

* * *

~~[105] 80 items listed out of 80 items.~~

① VACUUM LEAK TEST: LEAK RATE NOT TO EXCEED 2×10^{-10} STD CC HELIUM/SEC PER RHIC-CR-E-4703-0041.

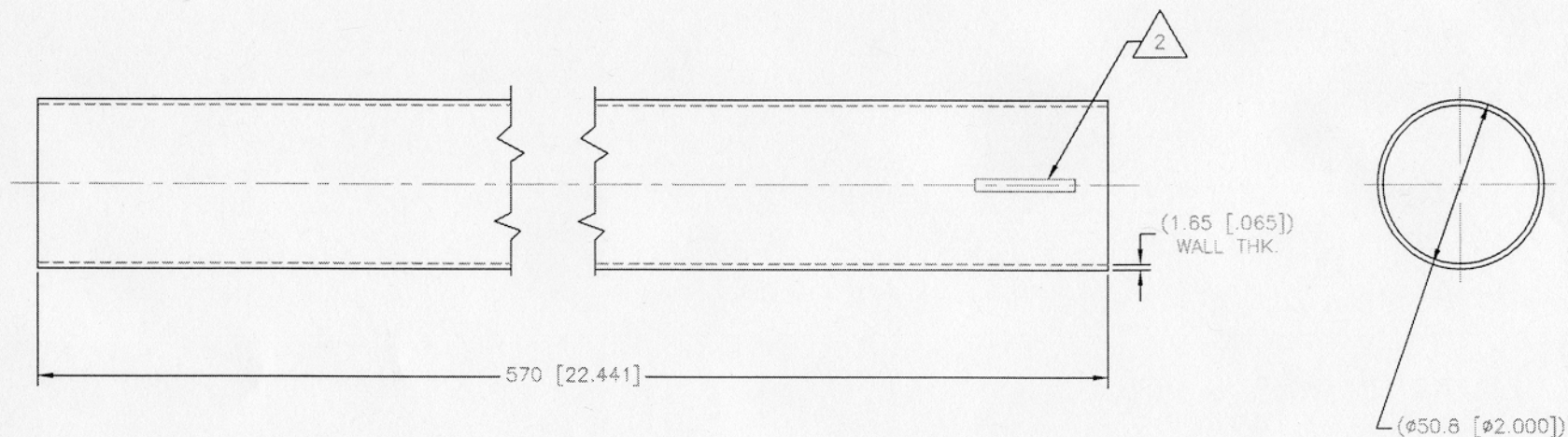
[illegible]

NOTES:

1. MATERIAL: SEAMLESS STAINLESS STEEL TUBING, TYPE 304 PER ASTM A269, $\phi 50.8$ [$\phi 2.000$] X 1.65 [.065] WALL.

2. RUBBER STAMP 14010285-APPLICABLE REV LTR USING 3 [.12] HIGH CHARACTERS PER MIL-STD-130. LOCATE APPROXIMATELY AS SHOWN.

REVISIONS						
REV	ZONE	ECN NO.	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE	CHK APP
A			INITIAL RELEASE	BW	01/09/01	



OUTSTANDING ECN NUMBERS	INTERPRET IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASME Y14.2MM-1989		CERN LHC PROGRAM		BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY BROOKHAVEN SCIENCE ASSOCIATES UPTON, N.Y. 11973	
	UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED		DESIGN BY	DATE	TITLE	REV
	DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS DIMENSIONS IN () ARE INCHES		J. COZZOLINO	11/29/00	DIPOLE MAGNET PHASE SEPARATOR ASSEMBLY, D1 TUBE, LONG	A
	ANGULAR TOLERANCE $\pm 1^\circ$		C. AMARITO	11/29/00		
	MEDIUM MACHINING		J. COZZOLINO	11/29/00	S. PLATE	12/4/00
	WELDED STRUCTURE		M. ANERELLA	12/06/00		
	THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION		M. GAFFNEY	12/11/00	C. PORRETTO	12/11/00
	FINISH 3.2 [125]					
	BREAK SHARP EDGES MAX. 0.7 [.03] MIN. 0.2 [.01]					

1401/0285a
plot: 1/1

D1 PHASE SEPARATOR
END VIEW

(LIQUID/VAPOR)

INLET

(VAPOR)
OUTLET

0

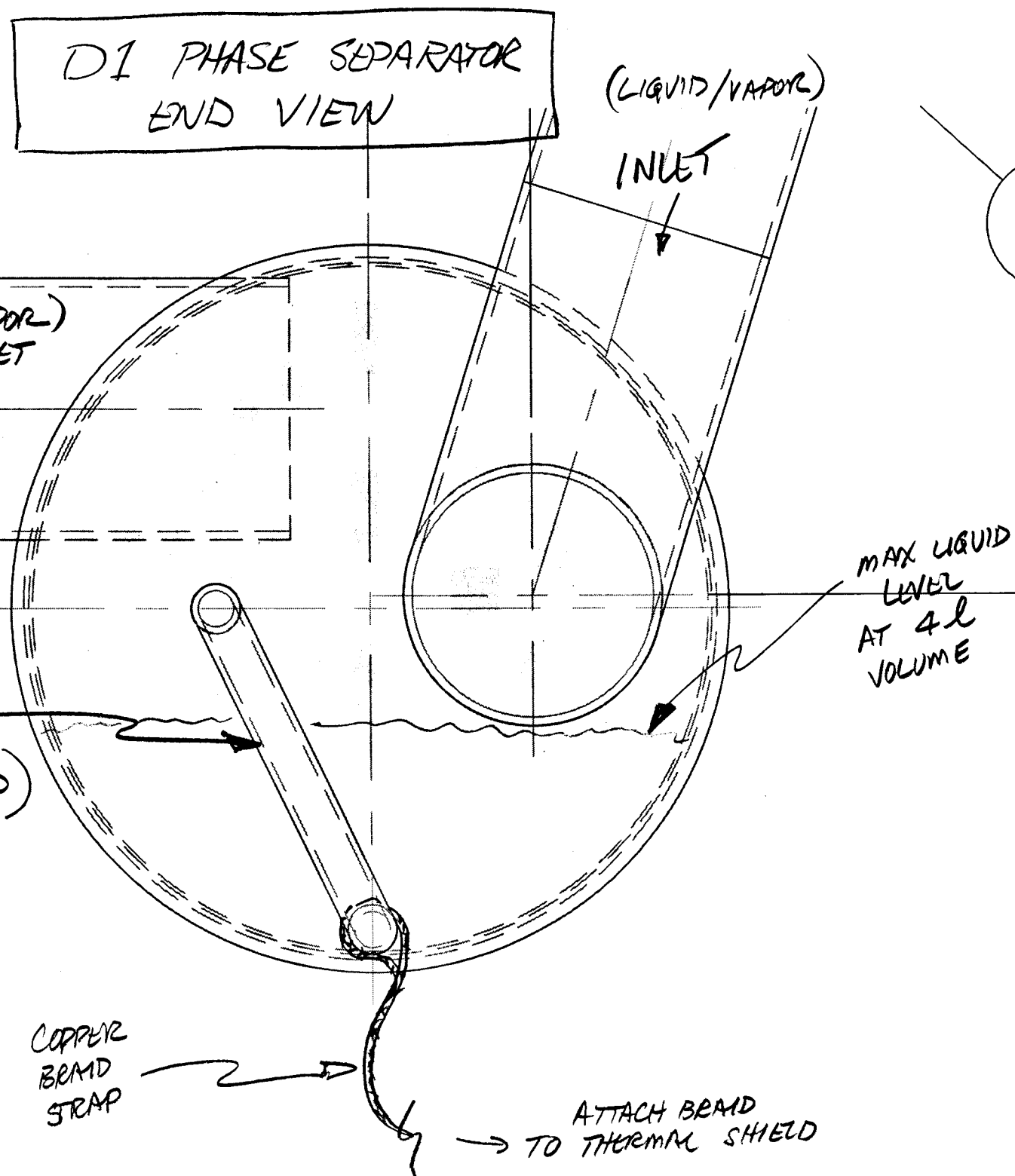
[1.527])

SST
HEAT EXCHANGER
TUBING
(9.5mm OD / 7mm ID)

MAX LIQUID
LEVEL
AT 4L
VOLUME

COPPER
BRAID
STRAP

ATTACH BRAID
TO THERMAL SHIELD



PHASE SEPARATOR X6 TUBE
NON-RADIAL SHELL PENETRATION

8 DEC 2000
RPP
1 of 3

Analyze penetration per ASME Code, determining additional reinforcement if required.

X6 dimensions:
(2" tubing)
304 seamless

$$\begin{aligned} OD &= 2.00 \\ ID &= 1.87 = 2R_n \\ wall &= .065 = t_n \end{aligned}$$

$$P = 5 \text{ bar} = 75 \text{ psia}$$

$$E = 1$$

$$F = .5; 1.0$$

$$h = 2.5t_n = .163$$

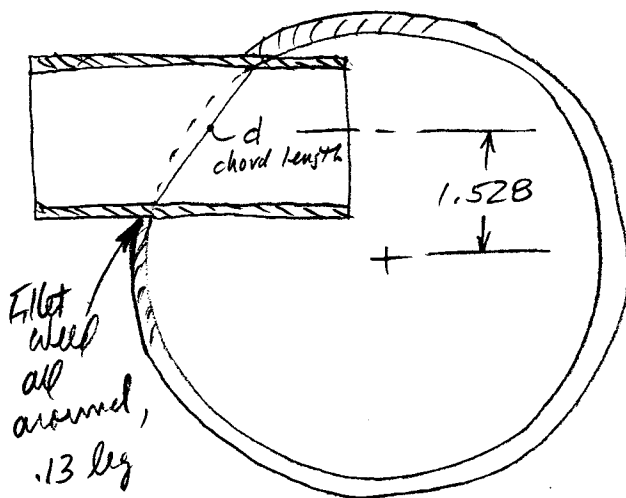
$$S_n = 18,800 \text{ psi}$$

$$S_v = 16,000 \text{ psi}$$

shell dimensions:
(5" NPS pipe)
304, welded

$$\begin{aligned} OD &= 5.563 \\ ID &= 5.295 = D \\ wall &= .134 = t \end{aligned}$$

opening in shell: $\phi 2.012$ (non-radial)



$$A_{min} = d t_r F + 2 t_n t_r F (1 - f_r)$$

1. CHECK WELD SIZE

$$t_{min} = .065$$

$$t_c = \text{smaller of } 1/4" \text{ or } 0.7 t_{min} = .046 \text{ (minimum throat allowed)}$$

$$\text{Actual Throat} = (.707)(.13) = .092 \Rightarrow \text{Weld is OK}$$

2. CHECK REINFORCEMENT REQUIREMENTS

$$f_{r1} = S_n / S_v = 18.8 / 16 \text{ (but not greater than 1.0)} = 1.0 \quad 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$f_{r2} = S_n / S_v \text{ (allowed)} = 1.0$$

Calculate chord length in shell opening in transverse plane (major diameter of ellipse) at the midsurface of the required shell thickness R_m .

$$R_m = R + t_r / 2 ; \quad t_r = \frac{PR}{SE - .6P} = \frac{(75)(5.295/2)}{(16 \times 10^3)(1) - (.6)(75)} = .012$$

$$= 5.295/2 + .012/2$$

$$= 2.654$$

$$L = 1.528$$

$$\alpha_1 = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{L + R_m}{R_m} \right) = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{1.528 + 1.87/2}{2.654} \right) = 21.9^\circ$$

$$\alpha_2 = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{L - R_m}{R_m} \right) = 77.1^\circ$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_2 - \alpha_1 = 55.2^\circ$$

$$d = 2 R_m \sqrt{1 - \cos^2(\alpha/2)} = 2.459 \text{ (check with scaled measurement)}$$

For plane yielding ellipse, $F = .5$

Calculate reinforcement area required:

$$A_{min} = (2.441)(.049)(.5) + (2)(.065)(.049)(.5)(0)$$

$$= .060$$

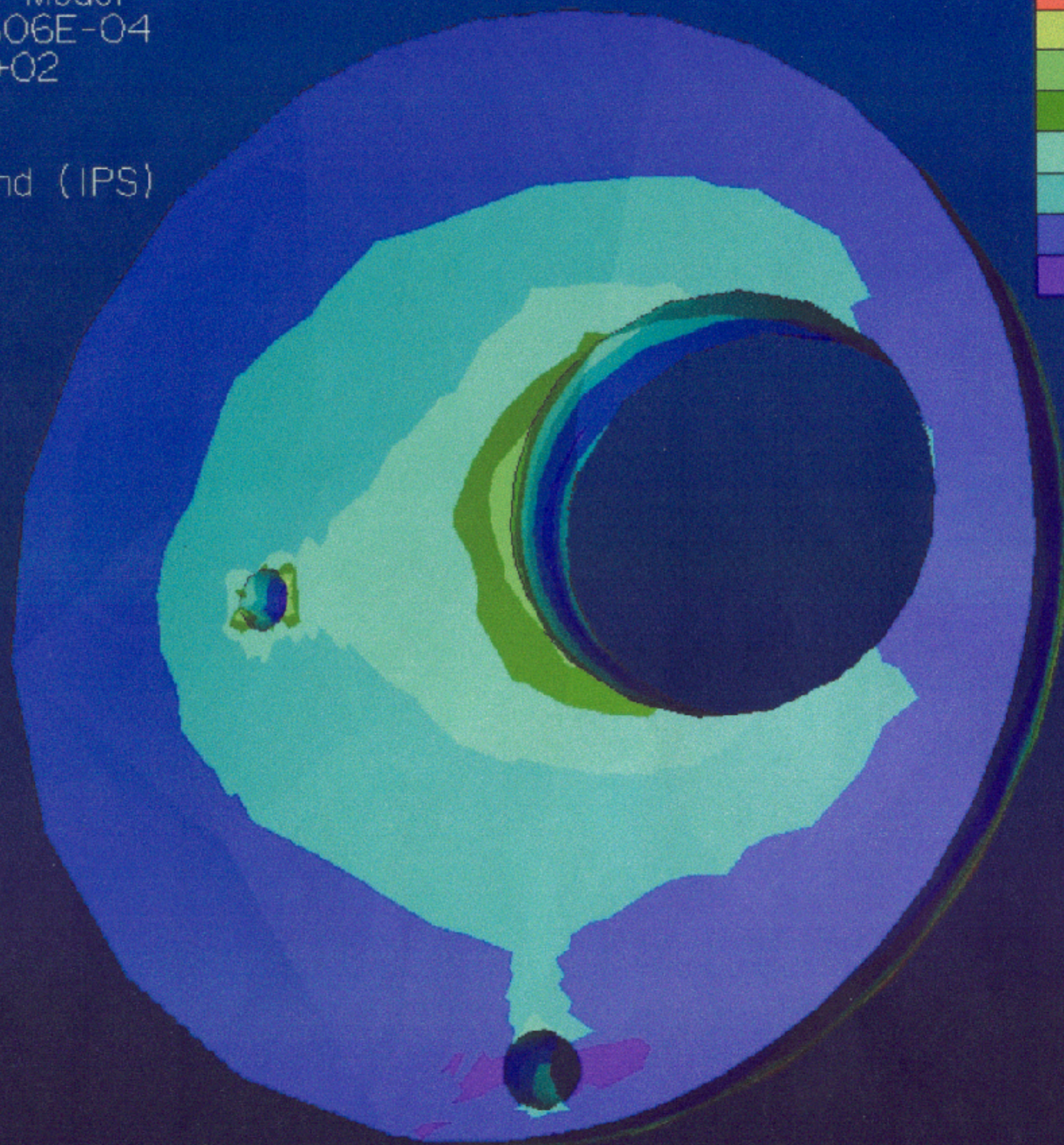
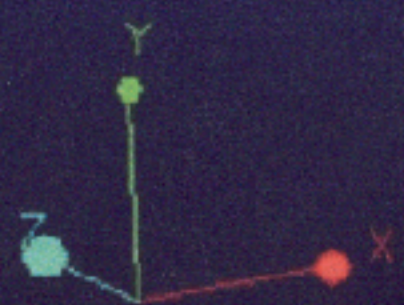
Calculate area available: can choose larger value.

$$A_1 = \text{larger of } d(E, t - F t_r) \text{ or } 2(t + t_n)(E, t - F t_r)$$

$$2.459(1)(.134) - (.5)(.012) \text{ or } 2(.134 + .065)(.134 - (.5)(.049))$$

$$= .315 \text{ or } .044 = .315$$

Stress von Mises (Maximum)
Averaged Values
Deformed Original Model
Max Disp +5.7606E-04
Scale 9.6570E+02
LoadSet1
Principal Units:
Inch Pound Second (IPS)



"window1" - phase sep flange - phase sep flange

PHASE SEPARATOR
STRESS ANALYSIS

1 of 3

FLAT HEAD
FIG. UG-34, (h)

$$t = d \sqrt{CP/SE}$$

P = design pressure = 5 bar = 75 psia

C = .33 (from Figure)

S = 18.8 ksi

E = .65 (single butt weld, no radiography, backed)

d = 5.26

$$\therefore t = 5.26 \sqrt{\frac{(.33)(75)}{(18,800)(.65)}}$$

$$= .237$$

actual t = .50 inches

⇒ OK and allows
margin for penetrations
(calculate)CYLINDER
SEC UG-27

$$t_r = \frac{PR}{SE - 0.6P}$$

$$R = 5.26/2 = 2.63 \text{ inches}$$

$$S = 18.8 \text{ ksi}$$

$$E = 1.0$$

$$\therefore t_r = \frac{(75)(2.63)}{(18.8 \times 10^3)(1.0) - (0.6)(75)} = .011$$

actual t = .134 (OK)

1.25 t_r = .013 < .134 so flat head
above, and cylinder, are OK.(added thickness will allow for
penetrations, to be calculated later)

FLAT HEAD ANALYSIS, INCL. PENETRATIONS

2 of 3

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS & LOADS:

- SIMPLY SUPPORTED EDGE (MAXIMIZES STRESS AT HOLES)
- NO CREDIT FOR INLET PIPE MATERIAL THICKNESS
- INTERNAL PRESSURE (FAR SIDE) OF 5 BAR (75 PSIA)
- OTHER PROPERTIES, MAT'L'S, ETC AS GIVEN ON SHEET 1.

THE ASME DOES NOT COVER OFF-CENTER PENETRATIONS, EXCEPT IN A GENERAL SENSE. THEREFORE A FEM ANALYSIS WAS DONE USING PRO-ENGINEER MECHANICA. RESULTS FOLLOW ON NEXT PAGE.

$$A_2 = \text{smaller of } 5(t_n - t_{rn})f_r t \text{ or } 5(t_n - t_{rn})f_r t_n$$

↑ smaller than t_n

$$= 5(.065 - t_{rn})(1.0)(.065) ; t_{rn} = \frac{PR_n}{SE - .6P} = .015$$

$$= .016$$

$$A_3 = 2(t_n - c)f_r h = 2(.063 - 0)(1.0)(.163) = .020$$

$$A_{41} = l_y^2 = .13^2 = .017$$

$$A_{43} = 0$$

$$\Sigma = .315 + .016 + .020 + .017 = .368$$

GOOD FOR THIS
PLANE ONLY

3. CHECK PLANE OF MINOR AXIS OF ELLIPSE

$$d = 1.87$$

$$A_{1y} = (1.87)(.012)(1.0) + 0 = .022$$

$$A_1 = (1.87)(.134 - .012) \text{ or } (2)(.134 + .065)(.134 - .049)$$

$$.228 \text{ or } .034 = .228$$

A_1 is sufficient in itself \Rightarrow no reinforcement is required in either plane.

15-May-00

Division 1					Division 2				
max stress intensity ultimate yield					max stress intensity ultimate yield				
alloy	form	(kpsi)	(kpsi)	(kpsi)	alloy	form	(kpsi)	(kpsi)	(kpsi)
304	smls tube	18.8	75	30	304	smls tube	20.0	75	30
	wld tube	16.0	"	"		wld tube	17.0	"	"
	smls pipe	18.8	"	"		smls pipe	20.0	"	"
	wld pipe	16.0	"	"		wld pipe	17.0	"	"
	plate	18.8	"	"		plate	20.0	"	"
	forgings	18.8	"	"		forgings	20.0	"	"
304L*	smls tube	16.3	70	25	304L	smls tube	16.7	70	25
	wld tube	14.2	"	"		wld tube	14.2	"	"
	smls pipe	16.3	"	"		smls pipe	16.7	"	"
	wld pipe	14.2	"	"		wld pipe	14.2	"	"
	plate	16.3	"	"		plate	16.7	"	"
	forgings	16.3	65	25		forgings	16.7	65	25
304LN	all not permitted				304LN	all not permitted			
316	smls tube	18.8	75	30	316	smls tube	?	?	?
	wld tube	16.0	"	"		wld tube	?	?	?
	smls pipe	18.8	"	"		smls pipe	?	?	?
	wld pipe	16.0	"	"		wld pipe	?	?	?
	plate	18.8	"	"		plate	?	?	?
316L	smls tube	16.7	70	25	316L	smls tube	16.7	70	25
	wld tube	14.2	"	"		wld tube	14.2	"	"
	smls pipe	16.7	"	"		smls pipe	16.7	"	"
	wld pipe	14.2	"	"		wld pipe	14.2	"	"
	plate	16.7	"	"		plate	16.7	"	"
316LN	all not permitted				316LN	all not permitted			

NOTE: all stress intensities are at or below room temperature
* These values are from 1989 version of Code.